

ORLANDO HEALTH®

**Is it a TRAUMA or is  
it a STROKE:  
Field Determination**

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**Our Mission**  
To improve the health  
and quality of life  
of the individuals and  
communities we serve.

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**Watson Health**  
**100 Top Hospitals** 2021

Orlando Health Orlando Regional Medical Center  
Orlando Health South Lake Hospital  
Orlando Health Dr. P. Phillips Hospital  
Orlando Health South Seminole Hospital  
Orlando Health Arnold Palmer Hospital for Children  
Orlando Health Winnie Palmer Hospital for Women & Babies

**Watson Health**  
**100 Top Hospitals** 2021  
**EVEREST AWARD RECIPIENT**

Orlando Health South Lake Hospital



Orlando Health  
Orlando Regional Medical Center  
Orlando Health Dr. P. Phillips Hospital  
Orlando Health South Lake Hospital  
Orlando Health South Seminole Hospital



Orlando Health  
Orlando Regional Medical Center  
Orlando Health Dr. P. Phillips Hospital



Orlando Health  
South Lake Hospital



Orlando Metro  
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Orlando Health Arnold Palmer Hospital for Children



Orlando Health Orlando Regional Medical Center



Orlando Health Arnold Palmer Hospital for Children



Orlando Health Winnie Palmer Hospital for Women & Babies



Orlando Health South Seminole Hospital



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Orlando Health South Lake Hospital



Orlando Health South Seminole Hospital



Orlando Health Arnold Palmer Hospital for Children



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# Disclosures:

- None

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## OBJECTIVES:

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- Understand the overlapping symptoms and signs of stroke and traumatic brain injury
- Review the resources required for both stroke and trauma evaluation and treatment including basic element differences between trauma centers and stroke centers
- Gain a knowledge base of best practice for protocol development

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## Case 1

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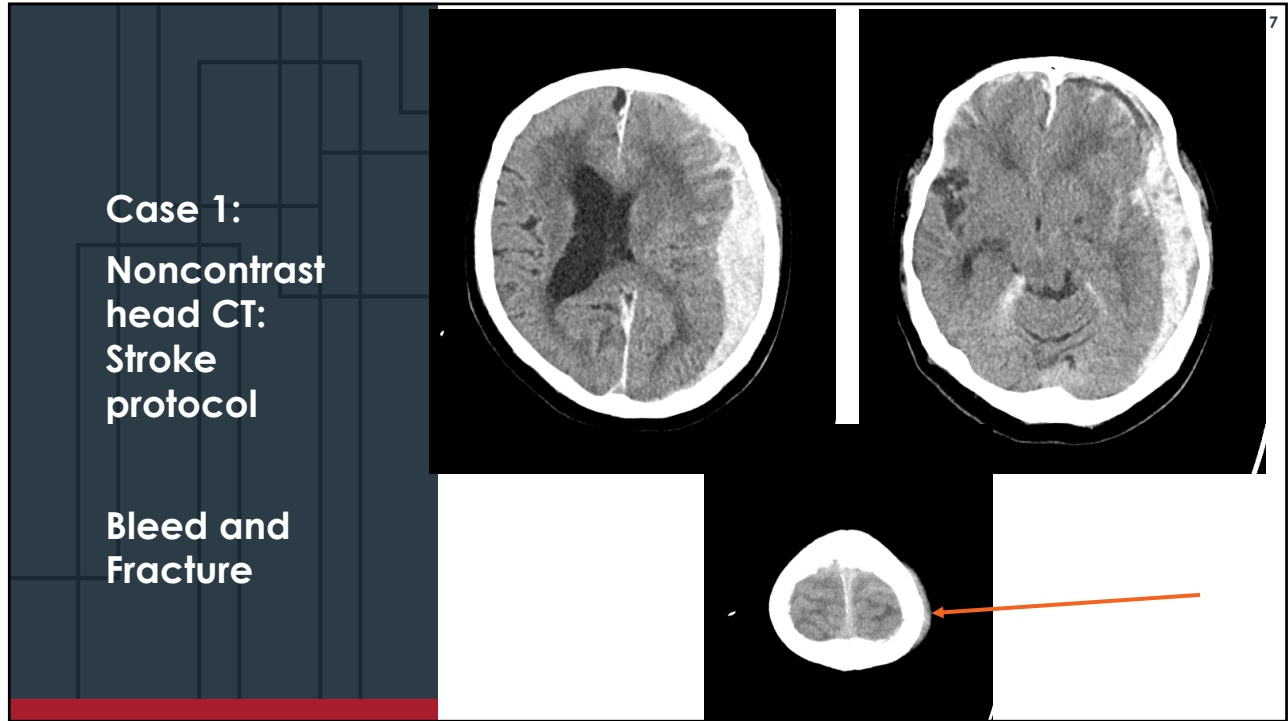
**Pre-hospital:** 80 yo M on Plavix for prior TIA Per pt's wife, pt was acting normal then he all of a sudden collapsed and couldn't get up off the ground.

- Airway patent
- Breathing depth and rate normal
- Palpable radial pulses bilaterally
- GCS 9 pupils were PERRL pt had right-sided weakness No noted head trauma
- no abnormalities of the abdomen but vomited several times, given 4mg Zofran.
- Pt stroke alerted.

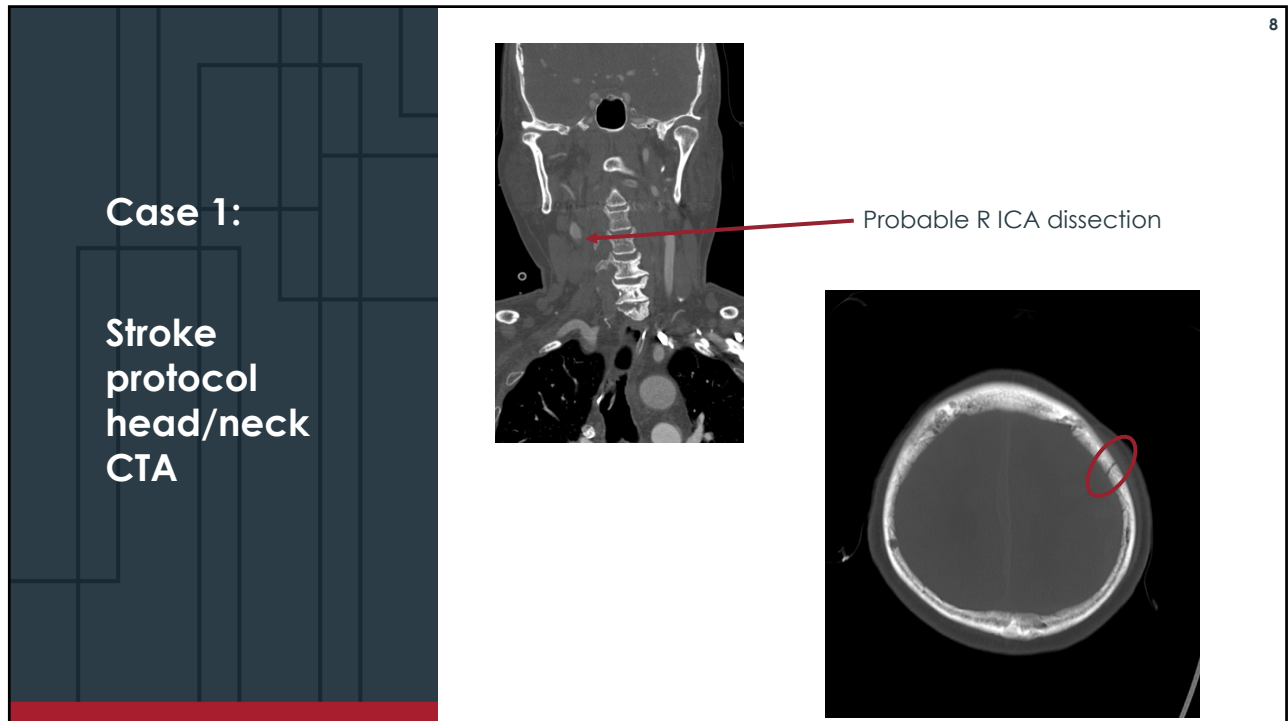
○ **ER:**

- Airway with sig resp secretions and RR 32 with O2sats 94% on NRB – Pt RSI intubated immediately and sedated with propofol
- GCS 9, BP 131/127, HR 68.
- Per protocol – directly to CT for Stroke protocol

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## Case 1

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- Pt's CT head showing a large subdural with 9mm shift as well as a skull fracture suggesting traumatic etiology.
- Trauma Alert called
- Given desmopressin for the history of Plavix use
- TEG MA low at <40 and Plavix platelet function low indicative of inhibition of platelet reactivity.
- platelets given
- To ICU, progressed to brain death

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## Stroke:



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- **Definition:** Loss of blood flow to part of the brain
- **Causes:**
  - Blockage (Ischemic)
  - Rupture (Hemorrhagic)
- **Signs and Symptoms**
  - B E F A S T
  - complete paralysis of 1 side of the body
  - being or feeling sick
  - dizziness
  - confusion
  - difficulty understanding what others are saying
  - difficulty swallowing (dysphagia)
  - a sudden and very severe headache resulting in a blinding pain unlike anything experienced before
  - loss of consciousness

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**ACUTE STROKE IS A TRUE EMERGENCY**If you think it, CALL IT, do not wait!

- CT Initiation Time <25 minutes
- tPA administration <45 minutes<sup>^</sup>
- Thrombectomy < 60 minutes\*

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## Blunt Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI)

- **Causes:**
  - Any blunt force trauma to the head
    - MVC
    - Fall
    - Object strike
  - Blast wave
- **Types of TBI:**
  - Intracranial Hemorrhage
    - Subdural Hematoma - SDH
    - Epidural Hematoma - EDH
    - Subarachnoid Hemorrhage – SAH
    - Intraparenchymal Hemorrhage – IPH
    - Cerebral Contusion
  - Diffuse Axonal Injury – DAI

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## Blunt Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI): Signs/Symptoms

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- **Mild-Mod**
  - LOC – sec to mins
  - Headache or “pressure” in head.
  - Nausea or vomiting.
  - Balance problems or dizziness
  - Double or blurry vision.
  - Bothered by light or noise.
  - Feeling sluggish, hazy, foggy, or groggy.
  - Confusion, or concentration/ memory problems.
  - Just not “feeling right,” or “feeling down”
- **Mod-Severe**
  - LOC - min to hrs
  - Persistent headache or headache that worsens
  - Repeated vomiting or nausea
  - Convulsions or seizures
  - Dilation of one or both pupils
  - Clear fluids from the nose/ears
  - Inability to awaken from sleep
  - Weakness/numbness fingers/ toes
  - Loss of coordination
  - Profound confusion
  - Agitation, combativeness or other unusual behavior
  - Slurred speech
  - Coma

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## Stroke and Trauma... Well....

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- **Stroke**
  - Loss of balance
  - Headache
  - Blurred vision
  - Facial droop
  - Arm or leg weakness
  - Speech difficulty
  - complete paralysis of 1 side of the body
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  - Loss of consciousness- seconds to a few minutes

- **Mod-Severe TBI**
  - Loss of consciousness minutes to hours
  - Persistent headache or headache that worsens
  - Repeated vomiting or nausea
  - Convulsions or seizures
  - Dilation of one or both pupils of the eyes
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## Stroke and Trauma... Well...

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## Stroke and Trauma... Well...

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- **So if not signs and symptoms, how do you tell the difference?**
  - **Mechanism?**
    - Fall
    - Found down
    - Unknown
    - Driver MVC (esp single vehicle)
  - **Pt's history?**
    - Prior CVA
    - Anticoagulants
    - New Afib
- **.3-5.7% trauma patients present with symptoms of CVA**

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## Stroke Center



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- **Joint Commission: Stroke Center Certification:**
  - Acute Stroke Ready Hospital (ASRH)
  - Primary Stroke Center (PSC)
  - Thrombectomy-Capable Stroke Center (TSC)
  - Comprehensive Stroke Center (CSC)
- **What do they get you?**
  - Increased capability Regimented protocols including
    - Evaluation on arrival
    - Priority CT scanning
    - Coordination of care from prehospital to rehab/home
  - Stroke Teams, expedited care – Focus on saving brain
  - From PSC on – TPA
  - From TSC on – Thrombectomy/Neurointerventional capability
  - CSC with research requirements

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## Trauma Center (General concepts)

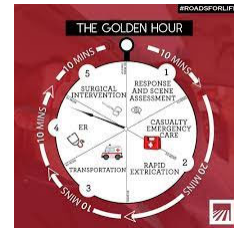
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- **American College of Surgeons: Committee on Trauma Verification Levels**
  - Level V
  - Level IV
  - Level III
  - Level II
  - Level I
- **What do they get you?**
  - Increased capability
  - Regimented protocols/Guidelines
  - Trauma team, expedited care- Focus on life/limb threatening injuries
  - Coordination of care from prehospital to rehab/home
  - Level I and II
    - Team to receive pt on arrival
    - Prioritization of imaging
    - Resuscitation needs (esp blood and products)
    - Etc...

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### ○ What's the problem?

- Stroke treatment –
  - Early recognition
  - Expedited treatment
  - Time is Brain
  - thrombolysis/ thrombectomy & neurointerventional treatment
- Major Trauma –
  - Early recognition
  - Expedited treatment
  - Surgery/interventional rad treatment
- Intracranial hemorrhage/major trauma –thrombolysis contraindicated
- \*\*Calling a stroke a trauma or a trauma a stroke
  - Can lead to delayed recognition of injury
  - Can lead to delayed workup for stroke
    - 2019 Madhok et. al showed TTA for the found down got their CTs in a timely or more timely manner than stroke alert – Level I urban hospital
    - 2006 U Penn – no delay in CT head doing trauma eval for those with potential stroke
  - Potential delayed treatment



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## Case 2

**Pre-hospital:** 84 yo F PMHx of DM (no anticoagulants or antiplatelet meds) pt found down for unknown amt of time. Per son, suspect pt fell overnight- on side of bed

- **Ground EMS:**
  - Unresponsive with radial pulse, sonorous respirations
  - Covered in vomit and urine
  - Pupils 5 and minimally reactive.
  - C-collar & LBB placed.
  - Given 1.5L NS
  - Attempted intubation x2 unsuccessful - Placed iGel
  - Vitals: BP 89-150 syst, HR 109-130s, GCS 5-3.
- **TRAUMA ALERT**

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## Case 2

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- **Air Care:**
  - Pt intubated
  - Vitals: BP 70/43 HR 130s
  - 1u whole blood and started on norepinephrine drip.

### TB:

- Airway: secured with ETT; good bilateral BS and ETCO2
- Vitals: BP 120/86, HR 95 98% sat on 100%
- GCS 6. Pupils 5mm and minimally reactive
- No sig trauma except a small cephalohematoma
- FAST negative.
- To CT

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## Case 2



Large parenchymal hematoma centered within the brainstem with intraventricular extension

Moderate to severe ventriculomegaly, possibly representative of acute ventriculomegaly.  
CTA negative

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## Is it a Stroke or is it a TBI?

- Do we have to decide prehospital?
  - Default to trauma alert?
  - Default to stroke alert?
  - Call it as both?
  
- Create a combined alert?

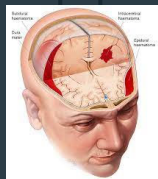
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UC Health, Memorial Hosp:

# STRAUMA ALERT



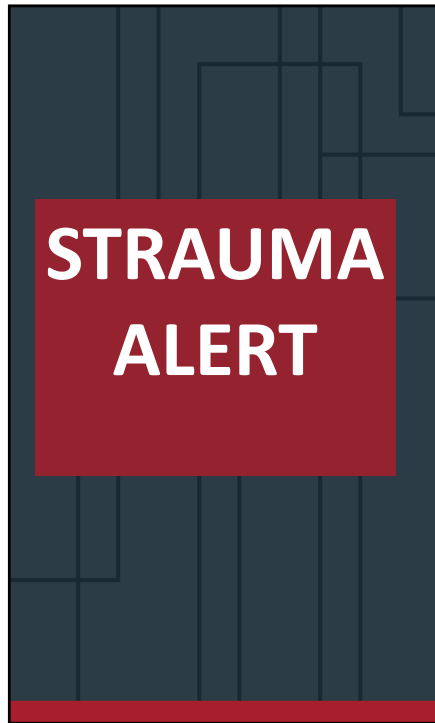
## STRAUMA activation Signs of stroke < 24-hour onset and Signs of trauma

- **Signs of trauma**
  - Deformity
  - Contusion
  - Abrasions/bruising,
  - Penetrating mechanism
  - Perforation
  - Burns
  - Tenderness
  - Laceration
  - Swelling



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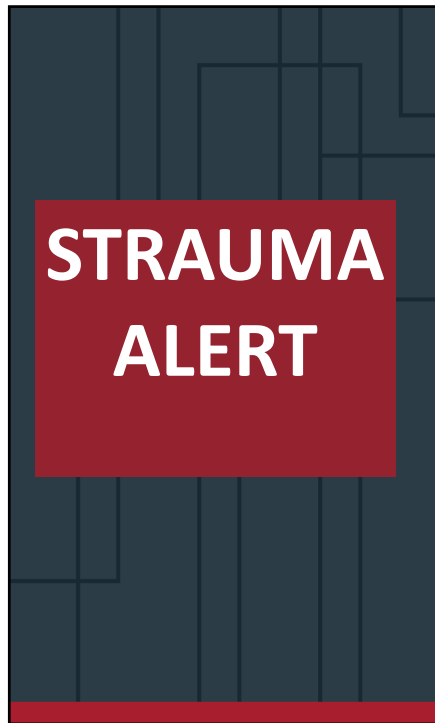


Initial assessment →  
 primary **trauma** survey →  
 neurologic evaluation by a neurologist →  
 prompt head CT imaging.

The trauma and stroke team collaborated to determine care plans and disposition.

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Lee et al

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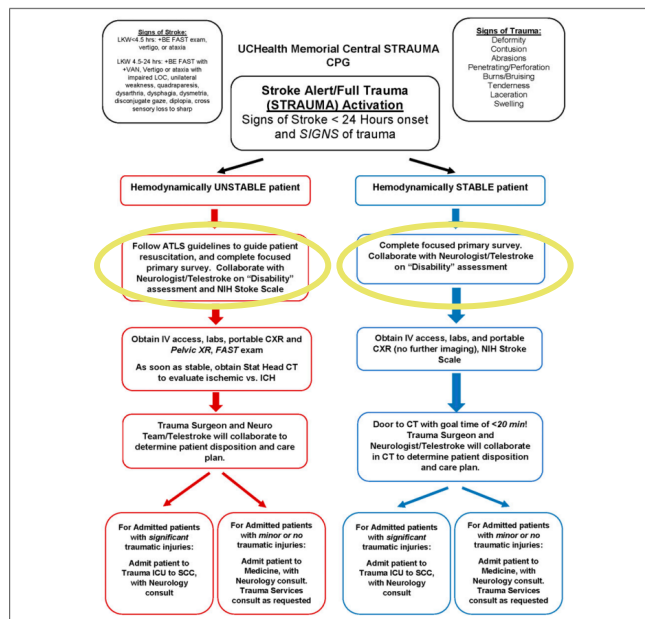


Figure 1. STRAUMA activation pathway.

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## STRAUMA ALERT

- Looked at STRAUMA Activations vs Stroke Alerts
- 111 STRAUMA patients
- 469 Stroke Alert patients
- Most common mechanisms:
  - Fall (60%)
  - Found down (32%)
- 15% had traumatic injury, ISS 9
- STRAUMA group = higher NIHSS (11 vs 5)
- Time to head CT: (did not affect time to intervention)
  - STRAUMA = 23.1 min
  - Stroke = 16.9 min
- STRAUMA = less tPA
- No differences
  - rate of thrombectomy
  - time to thrombectomy

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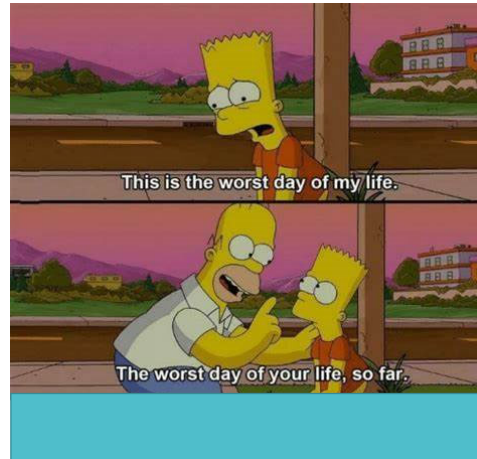
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**REMEMBER:  
YOU ARE THE BEST  
PART OF  
SOMEONE'S  
WORST DAY!!**



## References

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**Is it a TRAUMA or is  
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Field Determination  
QUESTIONS??**

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